Sicyos angulatus L. (Cucurbitaceae): a new adventive species for the flora of India

During the course of field work in 2013-2015, specimens of a cucurbit were collected from the forest area of Shimla (Himachal Pradesh). On the basis of study of these specimens and consultation of taxonomic literature 1,2 and online herbaria, it was identified as Sicyos angulatus, a native of eastern North America. Literature survey^{3–5}, searches in e-Flora of India (Botanical Survey of India, BSI) and Herbarium of BSI, Northern Regional Centre, Dehradun revealed that this species is new and adventive in India. A detailed description along with photographs is provided to facilitate its identification.

Sicyos angulatus L., Sp. Pl. 2: 1013., 1753. Common names: Bur-cucumber, one-seeded bur-cucumber, star-cucumber (English).

Annual vine, reaching 4–8 m in length (Figure 1 a). Stem herbaceous, angular, pubescent. Leaves simple, alternate, shallowly 5-lobed, 5–15 \times 7–15 cm, pubescent, palmately veined, lobes acute or

acuminate with denticulate margin (Figure 1 b). Tendrils axillary, 3 or rarely 4 branched (Figure 1 c). Flowers unisexual, born on pubescent peduncles, both types occurring on the same plant (monoecious). Staminate flowers 10-12 mm in dia., in 3-10 flowered racemes, peduncles longer than the pedicels (Figure 1 d). Pistillate flowers 3–5 mm across, smaller than staminate flowers, bell-shaped, 3-10 in compact globose cymes, peduncles and pedicels equal in length (Figure 1 e). Calyx green, 5-toothed, pubescent. Corolla white with green striations, petals 5, connate at base, broadly campanulate. Stamens united to form a central column in staminate flowers (Figure 1 d). Ovary in pistillate flower unilocular, style slender, stigmas 3 (Figure 1e). Fruits produced in star-shaped clusters, 1.5-3 cm in diameter, radiating from a central point (Figure 1g). Each fruit ovoid, 1-seeded berry, 10-15 mm, armed with slender spines, initially green, turning brown, indehiscent (Figure 1 h). Seeds 8- $10 \times 6-8$ mm, dark brown, flat, tapered at one end, indehiscent (Figure 1 i). Pollinated by wasps and bees (Figure 1 f).

Flowering and Fruiting: September to November.

Distribution: India: Himachal Pradesh (Shimla), earlier reported from⁶ Austria, Bulgaria, Canada, China, Croatia, Czech Republic, France, Germany, Greece, Italy, Japan, Korea Republic, Mexico, Poland, Romania, Russia, Spain, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom and United States of America.

Herbarium specimen: Plant specimens (AT-1) were collected near Khalini, Shimla (31°5′18.58″N, 77°10′24.89″E, altitude 1998 m) Himachal Pradesh on 20 September 2015 and submitted in BSD (Acc. No. 116042).

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS. I thank Prof. Susane S. Renner (Systematic Botany and Mycology, University of Munich, Menzingerstr, Germany) for validating the identification, Dr Gurcharan Singh (Retd Associate Professor, Khalsa College, University of Delhi) for discussions and help during the preparation of this manuscript and the anonymous reviewer for helpful comments/ suggestions for improving the manuscript.

Received 11 November 2015; revised accepted 10 May 2016

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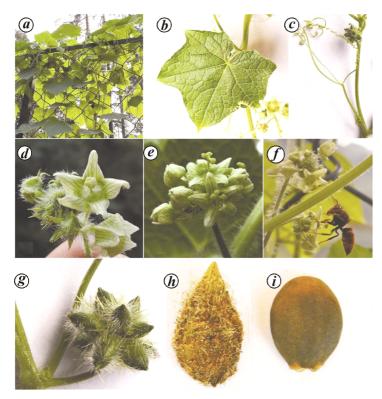


Figure 1. Sicyos angulatus; **a**, Habit; **b**, Leaf; **c**, Tendrils; **d**, Male flowers; **e**, Female flowers; **f**, Pollination; **g**, Fruit cluster; **h**, Fruit; **i**, Seed.